## Theme 3: Animal Nutrition and Feeding

# MANURE SCORING AND EVALUATION

# Level 2

Topic	Training & information Content	
3.1	Estimating feeding value of fodder & feed on dairy farms	
3.2	Sampling feeds & forages/analysis interpretation	
3.3	Estimating Dry Matter intake for various breeds/age categories of dairy cattle in the tropics	
3.4	Reviewing feed intake, rumen fill, Body Condition Scoring (BCS)	
3.5	Life weight estimation of cows	
3.6	Rumen fermentation	
3.7	Mineral & vitamin requirement, guidelines	
3.8	Manure scoring and evaluation	
3.9	Guidelines for ration calculations for various breeds, heifers, lactation stage (Rumen8)	
3.10	Use of Rumen8 software for ration calculation	
3.11	Optimization of ration with Rumen8	
3.12	Feeding management guidelines	
3.13	Feeding management of dry cows/close up	
3.14	Feeding systems	
3.15	Metabolic disorders	
3.16	Scoring locomotion and hoof condition	
3.17	Mycotoxin in dairy cattle nutrition	
3.18	Heat stress in dairy cattle nutrition	
3.19	Monitoring feeding management, using KPIs (based on Rumen8)	



# 1. You will learn about (learning objectives):

- ☐ How to judge the cow's manure
- ☐ Impact of feeding on the cow's manure
- ☐ Manure as a health characteristic
- ☐ How to use the cow's manure as a management tool



## 2. Background

- Far too often cow manure is seen as a useless waste product
- The manure is also an indispensable aid for optimizing (milk) production
- We can collect a lot of information that relates to the health of the cow from the manure. For example, a developing health problem that we can hardly see naked eyes



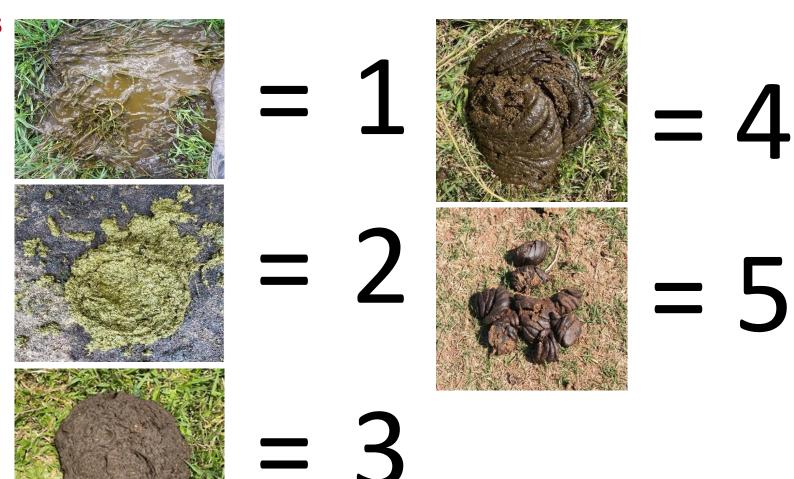
#### 2.1 Background Cont'd...

- As a livestock farmer/veterinarian, being able to score well on the cow's manure can provide a lot of information about the health status of the cow. The composition/digestibility of the ration can also be properly analyzed
- However, it is important that you are well informed about the composition of the ration before you can properly assess the manure, so that you can then take action that leads to improvement



# 3. Manure (Dung) Scores

Scores range from 1 to 5



# 3.1 Manure (Dung) Scores Cont'd...

Score 1: Represents watery diarrhea and is common in cows with an infectious disease. A thorough physical examination should be done and a veterinarian should be contacted for any cow with this score	1
Score 2: Is often associated with lush pasture (more likely at the start of the wet season) or a ration imbalance. If multiple cows within a herd fall under this score, the ration should be reevaluated	2
Score 3: Is the ideal score for lactating cows with proper ration. They make a well-circumscribed pad that spreads and has a thickness of about 2 cm	3

# 3.2 Manure (Dung) Scores Cont'd...

Score 4: Is common in heifers and dry cows, but implies an improper ration for lactating cows	4
Score 5: Is usually representative of a ration imbalance and is seen in dry cows and heifers, quite often in combination with poor access to water. Cows have difficulties with defecating manure	5

## 3.3 Manure (Dung) Scores Cont'd...

 To produce milk optimally, a cow's manure should not score 1 or 5.
Score 3 is the most ideal.



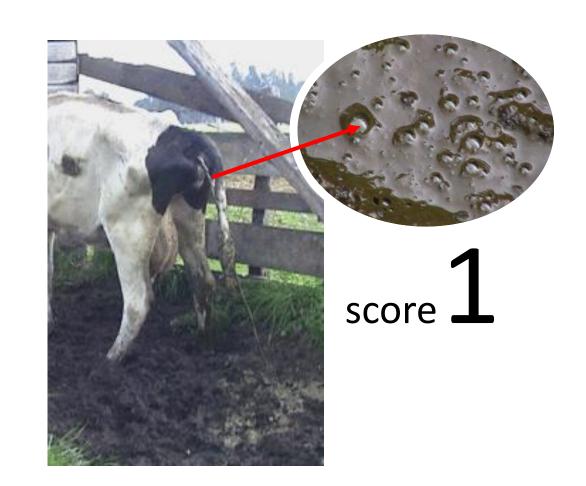








- Score 1: Represents watery diarrhea and is common in cows with an infectious disease. A thorough physical examination should be done and a veterinarian should be contacted for any cow with this score
- Manure score 1 is very unusual. If it happens quite often it is a cow problem and not a herd problem



#### 4.1 Manure Score assessment: Score 1 Cont'd...

#### Diarrhoea on herd level could possibly be:

•	Johnes Disease	(Paratuberculosis)	Contagious
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Salmonella. Contagious

Bovine Virus Diarrhoea Contagious

Liver fluke
Pasture management

Schmallenbergvirus Environment

Poisoning Environment/Pasture

management

• Lack of minerals, cupper. Management

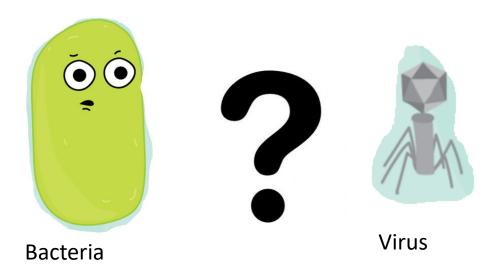
Rumen acidosis Management

Mycotoxins (mouldy silage)
Management



#### 4.2 Manure Score assessment: Score 1 Cont'd...

 In exceptional situations, manure score 1 is a bacterial/virus related problem and because of this it is much more difficult to recognize or treat





A thorough physical check up should be done

- Score 2: is often associated with lush pasture (more likely at the start of the wet season) or a ration imbalance. If multiple cows within a herd fall under this score, the ration should be reevaluated
- If only one cow possesses this score, she should be given a thorough physical exam and a veterinarian should be contacted if illness is detected
- Manure score 2 we also see in cows that have just calved, because they may have eaten the placenta

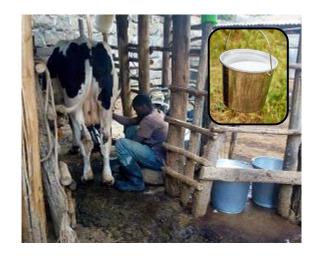


#### 5.1 Manure Score assessment: Score 2 Cont'd...

- Also, first calving heifers in first few weeks after calving because of all kind of hormonal changes produce manure with score 2
- Some real high producing cows, with a high level of concentrates in the ration, have a manure score 2
- Other possible reasons could be:
  - Low fibre in the diet
  - To much concentrate in the diet
  - To much protein in the diet
  - Overcrowding
  - Poor water quality



 If there is no question of one of the above reasons, the cow will have to be examined for possible causes, or the ration will have to be analyzed better to prevent worse





- Score 3: Is the ideal score for lactating cows with proper ration. They make a well-circumscribed pad that spreads and has a thickness of about 2 cm
- If only one cow possesses this score, she should be given a thorough physical exam and a veterinarian should be contacted if illness is detected
- Manure score 2 we also see in cows that have just calved, because they may have eaten the placenta





#### 6.1 Manure Score assessment: Score 3 Cont'd...

- In general, a manure score in most situations is good
- The digestibility and the passage speed of the feed seems to be quite okay
- In case of disappointing (milk production) results, it is recommended to analyse the manure more in detail

Clean Tail, Clean Udder, Clean thighs (Score 3)



- Score 4: Is common in heifers and dry cows, but implies an improper ration for lactating cows
- When this kind of manure is seen in a dairy herd, then it is without any doubt that the milk production stays below expectation
- Manure score 2 we also see in cows that have just calved, because they may have eaten the placenta



#### 7.1 Manure Score assessment: Score 4 Cont'd...

- The food stays to long in the cow, the passage speed is far too low. Energy and protein contents are too low and fibre is far too high
- Other possible reasons include:
  - High fibre
  - Too low energy
  - Too low protein
  - Lack of water





#### 7.2 Manure Score assessment: Score 4 Cont'd...

- Very low water intake can also be a reason of relative high manure score
- Despite all the possible causes, cows generally look healthy (haircoat etc), but heat expression is too low either because of shortage of energy and/or protein



- Score 5: Is usually representative of a ration imbalance and is seen in dry cows and heifers, quite often in combination with poor asses to water. Cows have difficulties with defecating manure
- It's the same as score 1,we must try to do everything to avoid having cows and other animals like calves and heifers with this kind of manure.



score 5

#### 8.1 Manure Score assessment: Score 5 Cont'd...

- Manure score 5 shows all kind of shortcomings:
  - Imbalanced ration
  - Poor quality ingredients within the ration
  - Lack of water
  - Wasting a lot energy to pass it through the cow's indigestive system
  - The cow's defecation is accompanied by pain
  - Intestinal system of the cow can be damaged



